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An Experience of Surface Active Substance Barriers Placed for Screening Out Stratum Water Advents to UGS Deposits

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WOC2 - SG2.2



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## **Background**



The underground gas storages are greatly affected by intrinsic factors, i.e. the geology and hydrogeology of a reservoir, on the one hand, and the external factors, i.e. fluctuations of gas consumption, on the other hand.

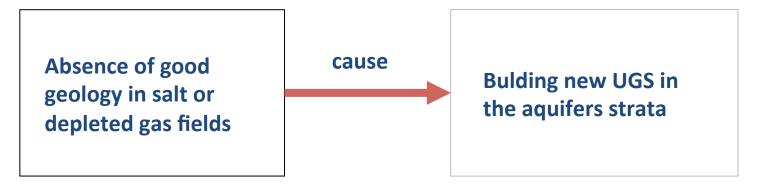
#### Backround



#### **Important UGS task is:**

- to assure variable operability modes with higher peaks, with potential gas injection in thaw periods and regular under-consumption of working gas in warmer winters.

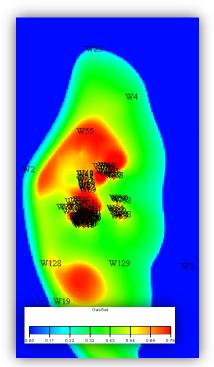
Such operation modes are characteristic of UGS in depleted fields with gas extension drive and storages in salt caverns.

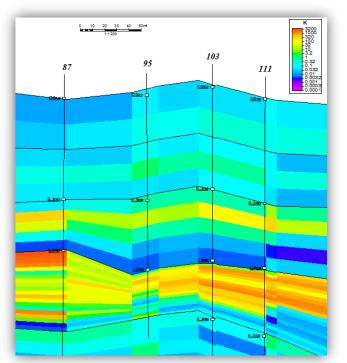


## Aim



Gas is injected into sandstone of the upper part of Upper Devonian Shchigry level. The terrigene formation has complex lithology due to specific sedimentation.

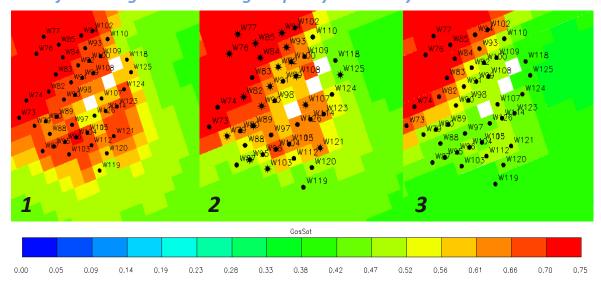




#### Aim



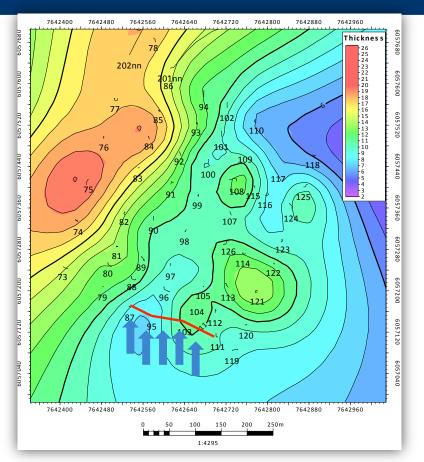
Inhomogeneity of the collector parameters of the collector layer lead to results in selective penetration of gas into the most penetrable veins, due to which gas distributes over a vast area. Over the high penetration areas, the gas apparently runs off the design layout of USG. In the 2013-2014 period, the drawing volume constituted just 36% of the design active storage capacity in 292 days.



The purpose of using the foam systems with this storage is to compact the deposit, i.e. minimize the flow and technology losses.

#### Methods





Designing and Implementation of the screen was performed for the first time in the world's underground gas storage operation experience and will have wide perspectives.

Formation of the screen was realized through the chain of wells.

Chart – Calculated volumes of Surface Active Substance and gas the screen designing

| №s.n | Wells<br>numbers | The volume<br>of the<br>injected<br>solution, m <sup>3</sup> | The volume of the injected gas in the reservoir conditions, m³ | SAS mass, kg |      |
|------|------------------|--|--|--------------|------|
|      |                  |  |  | OP-10        | CSSL |
| 1    | 87               | 156  | 624  | 780          | 468  |
| 2    | 95               | 1208   | 4832   | 6040         | 3624 |
| 3    | 103              | 332  | 1328   | 1660         | 996  |
| 4    | 111              | 1525   | 2952   | 3690         | 2214 |
| 6    | In total         | 3221   | 9736   | 12170        | 7302 |

#### Methods



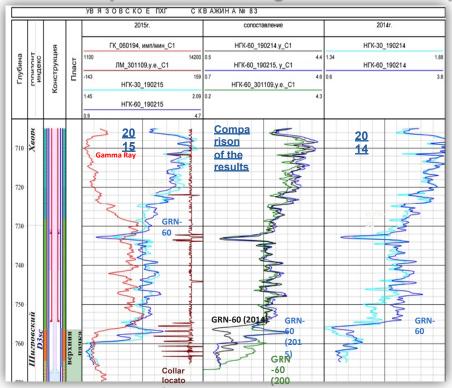
Processing of the chosen wells and designing of the intrastratal screen were performed on the ground of the patented technology.



#### Results



According to the results of the geophysical studies it was found that the performed works helped to increase gas saturation capacity of the wells of that area.



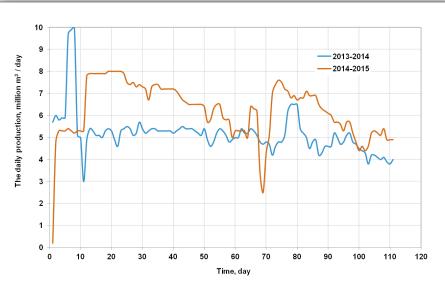
## Chart – Comparison of the well works in the seasons before and after works

| Well          | Drawing season 20 | – For the<br>014 - 2015 | Drawing – For the season 2013 - 2014 |         |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| GGP-1         | Gas Q             | At work                 | Gas Q                                | At work |
| N of the well | t. m³             | hour                    | t. m³                                | hour    |
| 83            | 13774,9           | 3197,7                  | 2269,6                               | 5487,3  |
| 89            | 13888,0           | 3345,8                  | 492,8                                | 104,98  |
| 101           | 1033,2            | 2018,4                  | 605,37                               | 330,22  |

#### Conclusion



Such measures allowed us to raise the daily production by 30% and assure water-free operation of a series of wells which had been scarcely involved in drawing due to high water factor within the previous seasons.



| Well          | Drawing – F<br>season 2014 |         | Drawing – For the season 2013 - 2014 |         |
|---------------|----------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| GGP-1         | Gas Q                      | At work | Gas Q                                | At work |
| N of the well | t. m³                      | hour    | t. m³                                | hour    |
| 90            | 6735,9                     | 1986,4  | 623                                  | 87,75   |
| 88            | 2538,3                     | 2092,9  | 218                                  | 71,89   |
| 96            | 1956,8                     | 2045,3  | 149                                  | 305,2   |
| 97            | 4531,2                     | 1174,5  | 354                                  | 74,18   |
| 100           | 2113,7                     | 1671,1  | 383                                  | 198,3   |
| 107           | 8345,8                     | 2161,5  | 342                                  | 68,8    |
| 105           | 2656,4                     | 2009,6  | 966                                  | 310,1   |
| 114           | 13933                      | 2128,3  | 1703                                 | 310,1   |

Figure. Comparison of the daily productions for the drawing of the seasons 2013-2014 years и 2014-2015 years

Chart – Comparison of the well works in the seasons before and after works

#### Conclusion

The economic efficiency was calculated to evaluate the success of the activities in monetary terms. It confirmed the commercial benefit of more that 500 mln. rubles with small enough material costs for the preparation and execution of works.

Obvious results attained by the use of SAS solutions for the intensification of fluid repression with gas allowed to develop complex recommendations and measures for their further use at this storage.

- THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!!!
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